

WEATHER FORECAST.

Showers to-day and probably to-morrow; moderate winds, mostly north and northeast.

Highest temperature yesterday, 66; lowest, 52. Detailed weather reports will be found on the editorial page.

The Sun AND THE NEW YORK HERALD

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NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, MAY 12, 1920.

PRICE TWO CENTS

THREE CENTS WITHIN 300 MILES. FOUR CENTS ELSEWHERE.

TURKEY GETS TREATY; AMERICA'S AID ASKED; THRACE FOR GREECE

Pact Presented to Ottoman Delegates by French Premier at Paris.

SULTAN YET SOVEREIGN

Free Navigation of Straits in Control of Allied Commission.

ARMENIA IS RECOGNIZED

Arbitration of President of United States as to Boundary Provided For.

By LAURENCE HILLS.

Paris, May 11.—The fifth of the major peace treaties growing out of the war was presented to the Turkish delegates by Premier Millerand in the Clock Room of the Quai d'Orsay. It was received in the trembling hands of Tefik Pasha, who with his three associates on the Turkish peace mission, all with dejected countenances, were in this gilded hall but pathetic reminders of the shadowy remains of that once mighty empire over which Selman, surnamed the Magnificent, held sway.

In personal appearance, in so far as dress was concerned, these Turkish plenipotentiaries looked like so many Frenchmen. The treaty which they bore away is conceded here to contain more potential elements of trouble than does even the German pact.

Straits Open to All Nations.

The treaty provides for free navigation of the Straits of the Dardanelles and the Bosphorus and of the Sea of Marmara, both in time of war and time of peace. These waters will be in control of an allied commission, to which the United States, if she desires, is to be a member. Other members of the Commission of Control are Great Britain, France, Italy, Japan, Greece and Rumania. Russia and Bulgaria may become members of the commission after they have been admitted into the League of Nations.

The great Powers, which are the United States, Great Britain, France, Italy, Japan and Russia, when she is admitted to league membership and representation on the commission, are to have two votes each. Greece and Rumania are to have one vote each.

The treaty provides that the Turks shall recognize the independence of Armenia and shall accept the arbitration of the President of the United States in all questions relating to the Armenian-Turkish frontier, Erzerum, Trebizond, Van and Bitlis as well as to Armenia's access to the sea.

The covenant of the League of Nations forms the first part of the treaty.

The ceremony attendant on the presentation of the treaty to the Turkish plenipotentiaries took less than five minutes to conclude. Premier Millerand in a brief speech bade Turkey for prolonging the war by her entrance and declared that it was the duty of the Allies to see to it that such an act on Turkey's part was not repeated.

The Premier's announcement that the Allies had decided to allow the Sultan to retain sovereignty over Constantinople was received impassively by the Turkish envoys. They promised to give the Turkish answer to the peace treaty within a month.

Obviously it will be difficult for the United States to become a member of the Commission of Control of the Straits without becoming a member of the League of Nations, because no action can be taken against Turkey in carrying out the decisions of the council of the league.

French Press Criticizes Pact.

The terms of the treaty are bitterly attacked by the French to-day, a bitter anti-French note appearing in all their newspapers.

This attitude of the French press appears highly significant inasmuch as it is launched simultaneously with the delivery of the treaty to the Turkish plenipotentiaries to-day, and it seems to have the tacit approval of the Government.

Premier Millerand, it will be remembered, refused to divulge the terms of the treaty to the Chamber of Deputies when he returned to Paris from the San Remo conference, nor has he ever expressed himself publicly on it. That the United States is to be a member of the commission is a point against her will to win Premier Lloyd George over to some of her views regarding Germany.

It is not assumed, and the French newspaper attack against the treaty at this time looks like a new threat for the purpose of influencing the Spa conference.

Not one but many French newspapers insist that President Wilson's principles have been violated through-out the treaty. The information carries a leading in big black letters, "If the United States attaches any value to the rights of people to govern themselves she should intervene in favor of Turkey."

The future says that the Turkish envoys will take home the treaty—not to submit it to the legal representatives of the Turkish people, but to some Ministers and functionaries recruited by British agents. Whatever happens by Turkey.

Commented on Third Page.

San Remo, Italy, May 11.—President Wilson signed to-day a bill amending the deportation law so as to make possible the deportation of alien enemies who are aliens who were interned during the war as enemy aliens.

Both aliens convicted of violating war emergency laws and those merely held on Presidential warrants of arrest would be subject to deportation on the order of the Secretary of Labor after hearings. Aliens so deported would be barred forever from readmission to the United States.

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BERLIN TO AVOID SPA PARLEY IF RUHR IS HELD

Participation to Depend on French Evacuation of Frankfurt.

NEW DEMAND COMING

German Forces in Neutral Zone Said to Comply With Agreement.

WAR ON SOVIET DENIED

Reports of Efforts to Involve Government Untrue, Says Foreign Minister.

By RAYMOND SWING.

Special Correspondent of THE SUN AND NEW YORK HERALD, CHICAGO, May 11, 1920.

BERLIN, May 11.—The German Government will make its attendance on the Spa conference dependent on the French evacuation of Frankfurt, it was declared to-day at the Foreign Office.

This decision follows an announcement by Dr. Gessler, Minister of Defense, that since yesterday the size of the Reichswehr in the so-called neutral zone has been reduced to 20,000 officers and men, in accordance with the number of these troops and their formations as prescribed by Premier Alexandre Millerand.

A formal demand on France to withdraw her troops from Frankfurt is expected soon.

Dr. Adolf Koester, Minister of Foreign Affairs, categorically denied to-day the report that the Germans had been asked, either formally or informally, to participate in a war on the Russian Soviet Government.

Dr. Koester said the Government would strictly adhere to its policy of non-participation in the domestic affairs of other countries, and would punish any person in Germany for meddling in its Russian adventure to the extent of disturbing the German foreign policy.

Die Freiheit leader to-day that Gen. Mannerheim, Finnish leader, on the occasion of his visit here a few days ago, conferred with Dr. Gessler, Minister of Defense, with a view to obtaining munitions for Finland for a Russian offensive, and also that Gen. Skorpinski, formerly a Russian general, has been in Germany with a view to recruiting troops in Germany to serve on the Russian-Polish front.

These charges were promptly denied officially. A despatch from Finland said Gen. Mannerheim was not representing the Finnish Government.

Spa, Belgium, May 10 (delayed).—Baron Guillaume of the Belgian Foreign Office is making all arrangements for the conference at Spa of representatives of the Allies and Germany with the idea that it will be held on May 25. "As far as the Belgian Foreign Office knows, the conference will begin on that date," he told the Associated Press to-day.

The Spa Casino will be closed during the conference, and delegates and correspondents inclined toward speculation will have to refrain from betting on the turn of a card as in baccarat, or watching the festive roulette wheel. As compensation for the correspondents, direct telephone lines to Paris, London and Brussels have been established, as well as special telegraph wires to those cities.

Nitti, who was liberal enough in his political doctrine and kept a constant conciliatory attitude toward all parties, was able to hold the reins of the Government for nearly a year, but there is no other man in evidence in the liberal party, which represents virtually one of the two main political parties in the Chamber, who has the vision, the political strength and the tact that Nitti has. He was no longer able to hold power, it is doubtful whether any other Premier could control the Chamber with a cabinet whose members represented only one political party.

Should the Catholics refuse again, as they did recently, to assume government responsibility or allow three or four of the willing ones among them to join the liberal party, the political situation in Italy will seem almost a hopeless task in trying to form one. The hope that the Socialists may consent to take part in the Cabinet is far removed.

The resignation of the Ministry will in all probability prevent Nitti from representing Italy at the Spa conference. In this respect, at least, his fall will be widely regretted, for in the last few meetings with the allied Premier, Signor Nitti had done much toward bringing about effective peace in Europe. His theory that Europe is an indivisible economic and political whole, and if one part is sick, the whole is sick, has been widely recognized as being sound.

Many Attacks on Nitti.

Premier Nitti has been the object of innumerable bitter attacks in former years, and on the eve of the reopening of the Chamber of Deputies early in 1920, he was the target of a campaign of abuse among the Deputies of all groups as to the attitude to be taken toward the Ministry. The Catholics resented the policy of the Government toward the Socialists as "excessively mild," but it was recognized generally that Signor Nitti and his Ministers faced an exceptional period of unrest, particularly on the part of labor.

A few days ago the opinion in Parliament was that the Chamber would be dissolved, and that the Government would be replaced by a new Ministry. The Chamber was dissolved, and the Government was replaced by a new Ministry.

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New Yorkers to Sit Up Front in Convention

CHICAGO, May 11.—The New York delegation of eighty-eight will occupy seats right up in the front of the big square of 984 seats at the Republican National Convention. That was decided to-day in the drawing of seats by States. New York came out No. 8. Connecticut was luckiest, as its number came out of the hat first. North Carolina was unluckiest and came out last.

Connecticut, Arkansas, North Dakota and Colorado delegates will sit in the front row.

Wilson Shock to His Party Rivalled by Blow to Antis in G. O. P.

THOUGHT LEAGUE DEAD

Johnson Silent and Borah Is Preparing Speech to Tell Views on Proposal.

Special to THE SUN AND NEW YORK HERALD, WASHINGTON, May 11.—Possibility of a lively fight in the Republican National Convention was suggested to-day by the publication of Chicago despatches saying that following the meeting of the National Committee's sub-committee on arrangements leaders there expressed the opinion that the Republican platform would endorse the Versailles treaty with the Lodge reservations.

The "irreconcilable" Senators read these despatches with amazement. They have been assuming ever since the Senate's second failure to ratify that the treaty was dead. They say they have no intention whatever to allow the breath of life to be massaged back into it. They are confident that the country has overwhelmingly decided against the league, with or without reservations. But events of the last two days have given them a great shock. They have noted that:

On Monday President Wilson demanded a platform declaring for ratification without any reservations.

On Tuesday the Republican managers at Chicago are declared to favor a platform declaring for ratification with the Lodge reservations.

Either programme, they say, means:

1. Ratification of the treaty and league.

2. American participation in responsibility for the treaty's administration and for its impossible economic and political provisions.

3. American membership in the League of Nations.

Against these things the "irreconcilables" have been fighting for a year.

Yesterday the Democrats had their hour of intense discomfort. The President was declared to have split them wide open with his Oregon letter. The boot was on the Republican leg to-day.

The programme indicated by the Chicago despatches was denounced by Republican irreconcilables with the same ardor that the Democrats had been denouncing the President's Oregon demands.

Senator Hiram W. Johnson (Cal.), Presidential candidate, was not quoted on the subject; but his spokesman, and closest lieutenant, Senator Borah (Idaho), lost no time declaring war on the Chicago programme.

What he did dictate for publication was a mild suggestion of the things he was reported saying in private, but it was enough to indicate his attitude. Further, it became known late in the day that he is working on a speech that will be delivered in the next day or two from the Senate floor that in effect will be a call to all of his faith in whatever party to rally to the big effort to save the country from commitment to the league.

Nor are the anti-league people and the liberal Republicans pleased over the progress toward settling the convention. They are now going to appear acquiescent in the Chicago convention. Some of them said the organization was taking excessive pains to prevent any spokesman of anti-league opinion from getting a hearing before the convention.

"They're desperately afraid to have our side voiced in any way," said one of these critics. This man expressed the belief that the Republican managers are now going to appear acquiescent in the suggestion of former Senator Beveridge (Ind.) for permanent chairman to calm the storm—and then elect Senator Lodge (Mass.) permanent as well as temporary chairman.

For publication Senator Borah said this about the proposal to adopt a platform plank in favor of ratifying the treaty with the Lodge amendments: "I hardly think that the party will go on record in favor of ratifying a treaty six months hence which is already under condemnation in Europe and which will be more and more condemned as its disastrous economic effects are felt."

EX-KAISER TO MOVE TO-DAY.

Furniture From Berlin Arrives at New Home in Doorn.

AMSTERDAM, May 11.—It is expected that to-morrow will be moving day for William Hohenzollern, former Emperor of Germany. To-day a big van loaded with furniture arrived at Doorn from Berlin, and to-night the former Kaiser gave a farewell dinner at Amerongen Castle.

Other workmen are still busy, the new Hohenzollern residence at Doorn now is considered quite habitable.

Mr. Rice, Explorer, Near Death From Arrows of White Indians of Orinoco.

SEVERAL GIANTS SLAIN

Party Escapes in Canoes as 200 Natives Pursue Days Along River Bank.

Those "legendary white Indians" of the Orinoco, the conquering savage mountaineers of South America who have been the terror of their copper-colored neighbors for centuries, have been found again, a whole tribe of them, all fit to be circus giants, by Dr. Alexander Hamilton Rice, famous for his explorations along the Amazon and its tributaries. He arrived yesterday from Para by the Routh liner Albatross, with his wife, formerly Mrs. George D. Widener of Philadelphia. The discovery was made unexpectedly. The bleached savages found the Doctor about the same time he found them, for a few days he feared they might take back to the other tribes of their nation some fine American scalps.

Dr. Rice had left his wife and other members of the expedition at Esmeralda, its base, and with Chester H. Ober of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey, several natives and a Venezuelan, Lio Fuentes, had started up the river to map out a small island seven days from the base. They got to the island without misadventure and finished their work. One of the Indian guides chanced to look across the river, ninety feet wide at this point, and was scared almost as white as the big white Indians, to see one of them, stark naked, scuttling into the jungle undergrowth.

FOES OF TREATY TO FIGHT LODGE AT CONVENTION

Irreconcilables Amazed at Plank for Ratification With Reservations.

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REBELS SEIZE CARRANZA'S TREASURE IN RAIL ON TRAIN; HIS SON-IN-LAW IS KILLED

UNDERWOOD AND HEFLIN IN LEAD

Incomplete Returns Put Them Ahead in Race for Senatorial Nominations.

PARTY PRIMARY IS HELD

Count Is Delayed by Long Ballot and System of Voting Choices.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., May 11.—Incomplete and unofficial returns gathered to-night by the Birmingham Age-Herald showed Senator Oscar W. Underwood and Representative J. Thomas Heflin leading in the race for the Senatorial nominations in the Alabama Democratic primary. Available figures at 9 o'clock were:

Long Term—Underwood, 1,331; Munger, 946; Weakley, 123.

Short Term—Heflin, 291; O'Neal, 167; Rushton, 144; White, 125.

These results were obtained from thirty-two boxes in twelve of the sixty-seven counties of the State. The length of the ballot, which contained the names of candidates for the National House of Representatives from ten districts, and a number of State and local offices, together with the system of voting first and second choices, delayed the returns, particularly from rural districts.

FIGHT STARTS TO-DAY FOR INDIANA'S VOTES

Wood and Johnson Factions to Have It Out.

INDIANA, May 11.—The Republican State Convention will meet at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning at the Indianapolis Convention hall. It is expected that the session will be one of the most interesting ever held by Indiana Republicans.

Chief interest centres in the decision on instructions regarding the delegates to the National Convention. Although Major-Gen. Leonard Wood received a plurality in the statewide primary election, he led Senator Hiram W. Johnson (Cal.), by less than 4,000 votes, while Gov. Frank O. Lowden (Ill.) and Senator Warren G. Harding (Ohio) polled a large number of votes.

The State law requires a majority vote to make instructions binding on delegates. A split vote is expected, because Senator Johnson had a plurality in four of the thirteen districts of the State and a majority in one of these districts. Indiana has twenty-six delegates and four delegates-at-large, all with one vote each, to the National Convention.

The keynote speech will be made by United States Senator James E. Watson, Indiana's temporary chairman. Addresses will be made also by United States Senator Harry S. New (Ind.), permanent chairman; Gov. James P. Hendricks, ex-Governor; and Senator John H. Hays (Ind.), ex-Senator.

The convention will hear reports of committees on Thursday and ratify the nomination of Senator Watson, who was unopposed in the primary.

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